

The North Adams Transcript.

VOLUME 2.

THE NORTH ADAMS DAILY TRANSCRIPT, TUESDAY AFTERNOON, AUGUST 11 1896.

NUMBER 67

By Telegraph

5.00 O'CLOCK.

SUFFOCATED.

Four Men Killed by Sulphuric Acid Gas at Camden, New Jersey.

TRYING TO RESCUE ANOTHER

THREE MEN LOSE THEIR LIVES. ALL OVERCOME BY THE DEADLY FUMES OF A REPORT IN PHILIPS CHEMICAL WORKS.

(Special Dispatch to the Transcript.)

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 11.—Four workers were suffocated yesterday afternoon by sulphuric acid gas at the Phillips chemical works on the outskirts of Camden, N. J. The victims were Joseph Devlin, James Mullen, Andrew Adler, and George Garrison.

The ashes had been put in and Mullen went into the retort to smooth them over. It is supposed the coal gas from the twin retort escaped in some manner through the flue, for he was overcome in the bottom of the retort.

Devlin went to his assistance and was also overcome. The other two men went to see what was the matter. The men were hauled out by ropes and taken to the hospital. Mullen, Devlin, and Adler were dead and Garrison died soon after he reached the hospital.

The four were coating up the retort which was connected to another building by a fine. In the manufacture of the deadly acid it is necessary to cover the grates of the retorts with a layer of ashes in order that small pea coal may not fall through.

DEMOCRATS OPEN HOUSE.

Headquarters of National Democratic Executive Committee Established in Indianapolis.

(Special Dispatch to the Transcript.)

INDIANAPOLIS, Aug. 11.—The executive headquarters of the national committee of the Democratic party were today established in the Lemke building. Chairman Bynum of the national executive committee and John Wilson will be at the headquarters until the convention September 2.

FINANCIAL.

(Special Dispatch to the Transcript.)

New York Market.

(Closing Quotations, p. 14.)

Received through the office of A. M. Tinker, Room 2, Blackinton block. Executes orders for stocks and bonds, deals upon New York Stock Exchange for cash or on margin. Private telephones.

American Cotton Oil.

American Sugar.

American Tobacco.

A. E. & T. P. Co.

American Southern.

Central of New Jersey.

Champion Valley.

Chicago & North Western.

C. H. & Q.

C. & G. W.

C. & N. P.

C. & N. P. Rock Island.

Chicago, St. L. & P.

Con. Gas.

D. & H.

D. & H. Dist.

D. & H. Dist. & C. F. C.

Gen. Electric.

J. J. Cen.

L. & N.

Manhattan Elevated.

M. & P. P. Co.

Missouri Pacific.

National Lead.

N. Y. Central.

Eric.

Out. & West.

N. Y. & N. W. common pref.

No. Pacific pref.

North Western.

St. L. & S. W.

Wabash.

Western & Southern.

Wheeling & Lake Erie.

Chicago Markets.

Wheat—Sept. 40% Dec. 50%

Corn—Sept. 20% Dec. 34%

Oats—Sept. 10% May 18%

Yard—Sept. 4% Jan. 5%

Land—Sept. 3% Jan. 3%

Cotton.

Opening. Closing

Jan. 7.50 7.61

Morning News Will be Found on Page Four of this Paper.

LOCAL NEWS.

Mrs. E. J. Crandall of New York is visiting Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Wright for a few days. Mrs. Crandall, formerly Miss Carolyn Johnson of Troy, is on her way to New York from a visit in New Hampshire.

DINGLEY'S REPORT.

SILVER ROBS LABOR.

CONGRESSIONAL REPORT ON EFFECTS OF SILVER.

Shows That Wages Are Lowered by Decreasing Silver.—This Gives Manufacturers Some Advantage Over Foreign Manufacturers—Wages Rising in United States, as Shown by Official Statistics.

SUFFOCATED.

Four Men Killed by Sulphuric Acid Gas at Camden, New Jersey.

TRYING TO RESCUE ANOTHER

THREE MEN LOSE THEIR LIVES. ALL OVERCOME BY THE DEADLY FUMES OF A REPORT IN PHILIPS CHEMICAL WORKS.

W. R. M. S.

At the recent session of congress the house of representatives directed the committee on ways and means to investigate the alleged invasion of American markets by cheap Japanese products and to make an inquiry as to whether the difference of exchange between Japan and the United States gives the Japanese manufacturers an advantage over those of this country. After careful inquiry into the subject Chairman Dingley of the committee prepared a report, stating that no articles of importance made in Japan outside of cheap silks, matting, rugs, etc., have as yet invaded the markets of the United States, but that with greater industrial development Japanese competition may be expected to increase. In regard to the effects of the difference of exchange owing to the fact that Japan is a silver using country and that two Japanese yen (dollars) are only worth one United States dollar, Mr. Dingley says:

"Clearly this difference in the value or purchasing power of the dollar of the two countries gives the manufacturer no advantage in purchasing his material. Indeed, the manufacturer of cotton in Japan is in this respect at a disadvantage, for his cotton comes largely from the United States, and he must pay not only the freight but an additional charge for the risk of the fluctuations of exchange resulting from the fact that Japan does not have the monetary standard of the commercial world. He obtains no advantage by the sale of his goods in the terms of a more valuable currency, but, on the contrary, loses something by this brokerage."

"The only way in which the manufacturer in Japan can possibly obtain any advantage over the manufacturer here, from the fact that the Japanese yen, formerly equal, is now worth only half as much as the dollar of the United States, must therefore be through the fall of the wages of labor in Japan to rise as much as the yen has depreciated in its relative value to gold since 1873; while wages in the United States since 1873 have doubled, as estimated in silver, and have even risen 15 per cent as estimated in gold."

"And this is what has taken place:

AVERAGE GOLD WAGES AND PRICES OF PROD. UNT. FROM 1850 TO 1892.

Soother Wright Wright (average of average all prices), wages.

1840. 100.0 100.0

1845. 100.2 112.9

1850. 107.5 112.5

1855. 98.8 101.8

1860. 96.2 100.3

1865. 100.0 100.0

1870. 100.9 122.5

1875. 104.8 106.8

1880. 100.8 115.0

1885. 101.6 117.3

1890. 107.8 118.4

1895. 100.3 102.0

1896. 99.7 100.9

1897. 96.8 103.9

1898. 100.8 106.9

1899. 101.0 108.7

1900. 98.9 102.6

1901. 97.7 104.3

1902. 96.3 105.7

1903. 95.7 106.7

1904. 94.3 107.7

1905. 93.3 108.7

1906. 92.3 109.7

1907. 91.3 110.7

1908. 90.3 111.7

1909. 89.3 112.7

1910. 88.3 113.7

1911. 87.3 114.7

1912. 86.3 115.7

1913. 85.3 116.7

1914. 84.3 117.7

1915. 83.3 118.7

1916. 82.3 119.7

1917. 81.3 120.7

1918. 80.3 121.7

1919. 79.3 122.7

1920. 78.3 123.7

1921. 77.3 124.7

1922. 76.3 125.7

1923. 75.3 126.7

1924. 74.3 127.7

1925. 73.3 128.7

1926. 72.3 129.7

1927. 71.3 130.7

1928. 70.3 131.7

1929. 69.3 132.7

1930. 68.3 133.7

1931. 67.3 134.7

1932. 66.3 135.7

1933. 65.3 136.7

1934. 64.3 137.7

1935. 63.3 138.7

1936. 62.3 139.7

1937. 61.3 140.7

1938. 60.3 141.7

1939. 59.3 142.7

1940. 58.3 143.7

1941. 57.3 144.7

1942. 56.3 145.7

1943. 55.3 146.7

1944. 54.3 147.7

1945. 53.3 148.7

1946. 52.3 149.7

1947. 51.3 150.7

1948. 50.3 151.7

1949. 49.3 152.7

1950. 48.3 153.7

1951. 47.3 154.7

1952. 46.3 155.7

1953. 45.3 156.7

The Transcript.

DAILY—Issued every afternoon (except Sunday) at five o'clock.
WEEKLY—Issued every Thursday morning.
BY THE
TRANSCRIPT PUBLISHING COMPANY,
FROM
SUBSCRIPTION BUILDING, BARK STREET,
NORTH ADAMS, MASS.

I know not what record of sin awaits me in the other world; but this I do know, that I never was so mean as to despise a man because he was poor, because he was ignorant, or because he was black.

—John A. Andrew.

SPECIAL TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

Through being a member of the ASSOCIATED PRESS THE TRANSCRIPT has the exclusive facilities for this locality of the greatest American and foreign news gatherers.

The latest telegraphic dispatches from all parts of the world are received by THE TRANSCRIPT UP TO THE HOUR OF GOING TO PRESS.

Entered at the Post Office, North Adams, Mass., as second class mail matter.

"WE HOLD THE WESTERN GATEWAY."

From the seal of North Adams.

TUESDAY AFTERNOON, AUGUST 11, '96

REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS

For President,

WILLIAM MCKINLEY

of Ohio.

For Vice President,

GARRET A. HOGART

of New Jersey.

GEORGE FRED WILLIAMS' GARBLING.

The dishonesty of a debater was never brought out more pronouncedly than that of George Fred Williams at Newburyport last week. He garbled and twisted a quotation as trickily and shamelessly as any piffagger. The Boston Herald best exposes him, and many of our readers have doubtless read the opinions of the authority George Fred so flagrantly misquoted. The Boston paper shows Williams dishonesty as follows:

On that occasion Williams was trying to establish the point that "the United States can, alone and unassisted, fit silver to a parity with gold at the ratio of sixteen to one."

In support of this position he quoted the utterances of several foreign bimetalists, whom he described as "the great thinkers of Europe." Foremost in the list was Dr. Otto Arendt. "There is one man in Germany," said Mr. Williams, "who is recognized as a leading authority in that empire upon the question of bimetallism."

It is Dr. Otto Arendt, and these are not all, but a few, of his words, for I can only repeat a few, wherein he speaks in answer to the question whether the United States can, single-handed, restore the parity between the metals."

Here follows Dr. Arendt's opinion as quoted by Mr. Williams:

If a Democratic free silver President be elected, he will have the fate of the world's silver movement in his hands. If, using the weight of his influence, he convokes an international monetary conference, on the understanding that the United States government will not insist upon the delivery of silver and gold at the ratio of sixteen to one, he will be sure to obtain the adhesion, first of France and Russia, then of Germany, and, finally, of England as well. The Democrats win the presidential campaign, and, probably, they will be practically for the world to adopt an international bimetallic standard at the ratio of sixteen to one. There can be no question of any other ratio.

I am convinced that so soon as the Wall street gold bugs see what way things are going, they will not next year turn to Europe and the world move heaven and earth to induce the European governments to adopt bimetallism.

To this quotation Mr. Williams adds: "He (Dr. Arendt) goes on to say that in his belief, and no man in Germany, or perhaps in Europe, is better informed, 'Russia and France are agreed for this result.'"

When Mr. Williams closed his statement of Dr. Arendt's position there was not, we venture to say, a man in the Newburyport audience who did not suppose that the great German bimetalist had given his warm approval to the policy of independent free coinage in the United States at the ratio of sixteen to one as a long and sure step to international bimetallism. Though Mr. Williams had stated that he could not repeat all of Dr. Arendt's words, no one can have imagined that the words omitted by him contained a direct condemnation of the policy of independent free coinage here at sixteen to one, which Mr. Williams so heartily approves. Yet, that is the exact truth, as will be seen when we supply from the text of Dr. Arendt's letter the assertions to this effect so tickly hidden by Mr. Williams.

After stating, as quoted by Mr. Williams, that "If a Democratic free silver President be elected he will have the fate of the world's free silver movement in his hands" Dr. Arendt went on to say: "By careful tactics he may secure the complete triumph of the double standard—for, I take it, the American silver men are not silver bimetalists—or by rash tactics he may ruin the cause for long years to come." Not a word of this significant admonition is to be found in Mr. Williams' quotation. Nor is there any allusion to the graphic warning given to Dr. Arendt of the evils of independent free coinage.

To supply the omission we quote it below:

But if the silver party when flushed with victory proceed to coin unlimited quantities of silver at the old ratio, without any kind of international arrangement, it will, it is true, bring about a temporary rise in the price of silver, but that will be followed by a general fall, and the economic conditions in America would be disturbed, gold would be withdrawn and would go to strengthen the gold party in Europe, while the cause of silver would be seriously discredited.

It will be seen that the German economist, whom Mr. Williams called in and whose remarks he so shamelessly garbled, is not a friend, but a hostile, witness, when his testimony is fairly set forth.

PITTSFIELD DOES NOT KNOW MALONE.

(From the Pittsfield Eagle.)

In the announcement of the decision of Dana Malone of Greenfield to stand for the nomination to congress from this district, against Ashley B. Wright of North Adams, it is stated that this jealousy of Pittsfield against North Adams will be stirred up to help Mr. Malone. The friends of the Greenfield man might as well know at the start, that they are on the wrong track. No such thing exists in Pittsfield's jealousy of North Adams. In a long and intimate acquaintance with manufacturers, merchants, business men and the common everyday people of Pittsfield, the writer has never heard a word of jealousy of the Tunnel City. He has, however, often heard genuine admiration expressed for the pluck and public spirit of its people, and generous praise for its good points.

Any politician who hopes to further his cause by appealing to jealousy of North Adams will be disappointed in Pittsfield. Such political methods would rather have a tendency to make it certain that the two cities will pull together.

As to Mr. Malone vs. Mr. Wright, there can be but one opinion in Berkshires. We know Mr. Wright, and know that he makes a good representative in congress. We don't know Mr. Malone and we don't think this is a good year to make experiments.

PANIC STRICKEN.

Tom-Cat Thompson's personal organ is very hysterically converted to the enthusiastic support of Mr. Crane. Isn't this treason to Tom-Cat on the part of the very paper that a few weeks ago contained columns of Tom's literary efforts and reprinted every slur on Mr. Crane it could find? Perhaps the panic-stricken Evening Herald had better hang out signals of distress.

Editor Lewis seemed to take exception Monday evening in his speech in Odd Fellows hall to the TRANSCRIBER's remark about his previously having come here as a Salvation Army speaker and the next time was to come as a worshipper of silver. He said that he came on the previous occasion to help some poor, discouraged, down-trodden man on to his feet. Well and good, we had no objection for that. But did he come this last time to help some poor, discouraged man onto his feet by advocating that the dollar paid him for wages be cut in two? But, again, come again, Editor Lewis, you didn't do the least bit of harm Monday evening.

The political boycott of W. Murray Crane and Mr. Wright by the Federation of Labor at Worcester a few days ago has proven a boomerang. The high officials of the Federation have been to North Adams and satisfied themselves that neither gentleman owns a dollar of stock in the TRANSCRIBER company, and the charges of the North Adams delegates against them were utterly without foundation. Labor organizations would be more influential if they were not so easily made the instrument of petty spite."—Pittsfield Eagle.

Flipper-Flopper George Fred Williams has come and gone. It was the same old story—that anything this government calls a dollar will be a dollar and buy a dollar's worth of anything, in spite of all history and experience to the contrary.

John H. Mack did his part of introducing the speakers and opening the Democratic meeting Monday evening in a very fair and commendable manner. His remarks were about as good as any we heard.

The cruelest change on record—the Evening Herald's desertion of Tom-Cat Thompson and its hurried support of Mr. Crane.

Oh, for one word from Mr. Cleveland in the interest of sound money. His voice would be a power.

THE EDITOR'S SHEARS.

FOR TODAY.

EVERY DAY.

O, trifling tasks so often done,
Yet ever to be done anew!
O, cores that come with every sun,
Morn after morn the long years through,
We shrink beneath their paltry sway,
The irksome calls of every day.

The costliest sense of wasted power
The tiresome round of little things
Are hard to bear as hour by hour
In tedious iteration bring;

Who shall wade, or who delay,
The small demands of every day?

The boulder in the torrent's course
The tide and tempest lashed in vain,
The wave whirled pebble's force,
And yields its substance grain by grain.

So crumble strongest lives away,
Beneath the wear of every day.

We rise to meet a heavy blow;
Our souls a sudden bravery fills;

But we endure not always so
The drop by drop of little ills;

We feel our noblest powers decay,
In feeble wear with every day.

Ah! more than martyr's aurore,
And more than hero's heart of fire

We need the humble strength of soul
Which daily toils and life require;

Sweet Patience! grant us if you may
An added grace for every day.

—SELECTED.

Musical Recital.

G. O'Dwyer of New York, the blind musician, will give a musical recital of his own compositions in the parlors of the Y. M. C. A. this evening. Mr. O'Dwyer was educated at the New York Industrial School for the Blind.

A Lesson Book.

A fad borrowed, it is said, from a West Indian belle is a lemon bath, which is supposed to be a great beauty as well as freshener. Three or four lemons are sliced into the water perhaps a half hour before it is used and its cosmetic and tonic virtues are thereby much increased.

Household Receipts.

Mustard pots of pierced silver are provided with colored glass linings.

Soak black calico in salt and water before washing, and so prevent its fading.

They Helped Some.

McKinley is not altogether a self-made man. The Democrats have contributed a good deal to his success by demonstrating the wisdom of his tariff policy.—Kansas City Journal.

POLITICAL FACTS.

Deeds are facts and are forever and ever. * * * In silver countries, labor is cheap and kept cheap by the silver dollar. For my part I do not want that kind of prosperity. I want a prosperity, which, by good wages to all, is shared by all. We want a broader life broadening every day for all our people.—THOMAS B. REED.

SUBSIDIZED SHIPS.

WHY AMERICAN CANNOT COMPETE
WITH FOREIGN LINES.

Foreign Mail Steamship Companies Can Carry Freights Cheaper Because They Are Well Paid for Transporting Mail—New Light on an Old Matter.

Sir Thomas Sutherland, president of the Peninsular and Oriental Steamship company, in a recent report to his stockholders has contributed some authoritative information as to the existence of British steamship subsidies, which the free trade papers in this country persist in claiming have no existence in fact. We quote Sir Thomas:

"There is, I know, a section of the public who prefer to believe that a subsidy is paid to a mail company as a sort of generous gift on the part of the government toward the proprietors of that company, that it is paid without any commensurate service being rendered, and that the company is able to live and thrive merely on the strength of being a mail carrier and receiving a mail subsidy. There can be no greater delusion, if indeed that idea is really seriously entertained by a government or a community should establish the highest standard of money whereby to measure those exchanges of labor and property which constitute the business of the world. If this is not done, and the measure of value becomes variable, who suffers? The men who have large resources behind them or the men who have nothing but their hands and brains? Most assuredly the latter. A well known banker of this town has often been heard to say that the money standard did not and could not affect him, for he could make money whether we were on a gold or silver basis. So he could, and so can any capitalist. It is the man who depends upon his labor that would suffer by a depreciated currency."

It is the creditor class of the community, therefore, which is most interested in preserving the stability of the currency and its high value. But of whom is the creditor class composed? Manifestly of those to whom something is due from day to day, from week to week and from month to month. These are the laboring people, the men at the desk, at the counter, at the forge, at the bench and at the plow. The toiler who patiently yields the shovel and the pick when nightfall comes is a creditor, and he is entitled to be paid for his day's labor in the best money the country affords. And so throughout the whole round of employment where men and women receive wages.

It is not, then, inexplicable that a large proportion of those who in the sweat of their face earn their daily bread, laying by perhaps a trifles from week to week toward a rainy day, depositing it in a savings bank—that these should be led away by the cry for cheap money? What to them with cheap money, or "poor man's" money? If there is any difference, why should they not have rich men's money?—Chicago Times-Herald.

The foreign mail steamers start on their voyages with a larger amount of the expenses of each trip guaranteed through the mail subsidy paid by the American steamship companies carrying mail matter have been far larger than the miserable pittances doled out to American steamships performing similar services for the American government.

The foreign mail steamers start on their voyages with a larger amount of the expenses of each trip guaranteed through the mail subsidy paid by the British and other foreign governments to their respective steamship companies carrying mail matter have been far larger than the miserable pittances doled out to American steamships performing similar services for the American government.

But what we claim and always have claimed is that the subsidies paid by the British and other foreign governments to their respective steamship companies carrying mail matter have been far larger than the miserable pittances doled out to American steamships performing similar services for the American government.

There will be a meeting of the Association Wheelmen at the Y. M. C. A. building at 7:30 o'clock this evening.

Rev. F. D. Penney returned Monday evening from Northfield, where he had been attending the general conference of Christian Workers.

H. W. Alsop of Williamstown has started a carriage from the electric cars and railroad trains in Williamstown to Sand Springs, and people visiting that popular resort will not be compelled to walk a mile or more. More than 100 persons visited the springs Sunday.

NOT A DIRECTORY.

Why the Hardworking Letter Carrier Lives His Trade Occasionally.

I stopped by the office of the Y. M. C. A. to inquire of the Association Wheelmen about the meeting at the Y. M. C. A. building at 7:30 o'clock this evening.

Misses N. Edith Phillips and Eugenie K. Phillips of Bridgeport, Conn., are stopping with W. H. Phillips of Phillips street for a few days.

Dr. and Mrs. T. J. Flynn, who had been visiting relatives and friends in the city for a week, returned today to their home in Jamesburg, L. I.

Ellen E. Germain of 3 Church street, had to discontinue her vocal studies with Miss Von Mitzlaff, as the latter is on her vacation.

Mrs. Alice Burley of Lansingburg, N. Y., is in the city Monday. Mr. Dunham was formerly superintendent of schools here but went away in 1876. He met many of his former pupils and had a very pleasant visit with them.

Miss Agnes Bennett has returned to her home in Greenfield after a visit of two weeks at the home of her sister, Mrs. A. M. Johnson, of Main street.

Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Jones of Greenwich, N. Y., who have been the guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Comisky, returned Monday to their home.

Mrs. Agnes Bennett has returned to her home in Greenfield after a visit of two weeks at the home of her sister, Mrs. A. M. Johnson, of Main street.

George Stanton of Hartford, Conn., traveling agent for the Columbia Cycle Co., is spending a few weeks at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. George Stanton on Pleasant street.

Mr. and Mrs. J. McCullum of Albany, N. Y., are the guests for a few days of Miss Lottie Whipple of East Main street.

Mr. Julian Thurrell of Fitchburg and Mrs. Deida Coles of Montreal are guests at the home of Mrs. Emily Jarvis of West Main street.

Adolphus Jarvis of W. S. Underwood's store has returned from a month's trip to Montreal and vicinity.

Mrs. Leon Berry of Lowell is the guest of her mother, Mrs. Emily Jarvis of West Main street.

Watson D. Hayden and daughter, Miss Edith, of Bridgeport, Conn., are guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. John Hayden on Hall street.

John Cummings has returned to his home in Pittsfield after a few days' visit at the home of John Parker on Bracewell avenue.

Charles Parker of Bracewell avenue is visiting friends in Pittsfield.

Mrs. Alva Surprise of Willow Dell left Monday for a two month's trip through Canada.

Miss Ida Morgan has returned from a few months' visit in Boston and different places in New York state.

Measured in the cheap money of the period, wages advanced a little and prices a great deal. Cheap silver dollars would affect labor now in exactly the same way. The working classes always suffer most from a debased currency.

TRAVELLER'S GUIDE.

Fitchburg Railroad.

Corrected July, 1896.

Train Leaves North Adams going East—11:37, 1:15, 7:23, 9:33, 11:44 a.m., 2:22, 4:15, 6:20,

Wedding Gifts— Bridesmaids' AND Ushers' Gifts.

Many New Ideas for you.

Sterling Silver Ware. Silver Novelties. Cut Glass Ware. Watches, Jewelry, and Diamonds.

The largest Stock of the finest quality of goods at the Lowest Prices in the City. The Old and Reliable Wilson Block Jeweler.

L. M. BARNES,

Agent for the
NUMBER and BARNES'

Bicycles.

Your Stable

Will be Much Sweeter and your Horses and Cattle will be Much CLEANER by the use of.....

Baled Shavings.

Ob, by the way, I neglected to state they only cost ONE-HALF as much as Straw. Drop in at

ARNOLD'S

31 State Street,

and see about it.

F. G. FOUNTAIN,



THE NEW \$6 POCKET KODAK.

THE NEW \$ BULL'S EYE

Are the favorites and leaders in the race. Popular and pleasant Amateur Photographers. No one can afford to do without Good Pictures when they can be obtained with so little trouble and expense.

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SIMMONS & CARPENTER,
Furnishing Undertakers,
No. 35 Elm St., North Adams, Mass.JOHN E. MAGENIS,
Attorney & Counsellor,
At Law. Office, Adams Bank Block, Main Street, North Adams.C. T. PHELPS,
Attorney and Counsellor
At Law. Office, Adams Bank Block, Main Street, North Adams.DR. ANNE M. BLOSSOM,
Physician and Surgeon,
Church Place. Office hours 8 a. m. to 1 p. m.S. W. NILES,
Attorney and Counsellor
At Law. Office, Adams Savings Bank Block, Main Street, North Adams.EDWIN T. BARLOW, B. S.,
Architect.

Office in Adams Savings Bank building, Room 10, hours 8 a. m. to 4 p. m. Evening by appointment.

I. M. BLANCHARD,
Garnett Dryer and Cleaners.

At Adams Cleaning Shop, corner of Main and Market Streets.

DR. GEORGE E. HANGER, V. S.
Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist.
Office Ford & Arnold's Stable. Telephone 221
Office hours, 8 to 10 a. m., 2 to 4 p. m. and 8 to 10 p. m.W. G. PARKER,
Practical Machinist.
Light Machines and General Repairing. Model
and experimental work. Bicycle repairing. Bear
Adams Bank Block, Main Street.J. H. FLAGG,
Livery, Stable and Boarding Stable
Main street, opposite the Wilson House, North
Adams. Nice coaches for weddings, parties and
other occasions. Horses for all purposes. Rates
at short notice on reasonable terms. Also will
coach to and from all trains. Telephone con-
nection.E. E. VADNAIS, D. D. S.
Dental Parlor.Main street. Office hours to 12 a. m. to 1 to
8 to 10 to 8 p. m. Gold filling a specialty.C. W. WRIGHT, M. D.
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat.
No. 10 Elm Street, directly opposite the Eye
and Ear Surgeon at Hospital. Formerly clinical
assistant at Central London Eye Hospital, also
Assistant Surgeon at New York Throat and Nose
Hospital. Glasses properly fitted.J. T. POTTER,
Attorney and Counsellor
At Law. Office, Adams Bank Block, Main
Street, North Adams.EDMUND VADNAIS,
Carriage and Wagon Builders.
Manufacture of light carriages, sleighs,
read, business and heavy wagons made to order
at reasonable prices. Horses for all purposes
supplied. Repairing in all instances at rea-
sonable terms. Dealer in all kinds of factory
wagons and carriages, harnesses, robes and
blankets. Center St., rear of Block, Adams Block.

SUBURBAN NEWS.

Happenings of Interest in Our
Neighboring Towns.

AT ADAMS TODAY.

Fire in the L. L. Brown Paper
Company's Boiler House This
Morning—The Adams Power
Company Buys the Fire Dis-
trict's Water Bonds—Mrs. Con-
roy Stole Ten Dollars From
Her Daughter and Had a Big
Time—An Evening With Long-
follow—Another Quoit Handi-
cap—Some Town Figures.

THE WATER BONDS SOLD.

The Adams Power Company Pur-
chased These.

Bids for the fire district's \$50,000 of water
bonds closed at 1 o'clock Monday after-
noon, but were not opened or the bonds
awarded until 5 o'clock. The Adams
Power company bought the bonds, but it
is understood that in so doing they act as
agents for the Hampden Loan & Trust
Company of Springfield.

A BIG FIRE AVERTED.

Lucky Termination of a Blaze in one
of the L. L. Brown Boiler Rooms.

An alarm of fire was rung in from pri-
vate box 142 at 12:55 o'clock this morning.
The fire was in the boiler room of the L.
L. Brown paper mill. The fire de-
partment extinguished it in a short time
and the damage is less than \$50.

ANOTHER QUOIT HANDICAP.

There is to be another big quoit handi-
cap, beginning August 22. This time the
match is to be at Pittsfield and some of
the best players in Berkshire county will
participate. All entries must be made to
William Chalmers or George Grout. The
former is handicapped. The entrance fee
is twenty-five cents.

In Court this Morning.

John A. O'Brien was in court Monday
morning charged with drunkenness and
reckless driving. On the former complaint
he was discharged and on the latter he
was fined \$10. O'Brien appealed and was
held in bonds of \$100 to appear before the
superior court in Pittsfield.

James Donlan was fined \$5 for drunk-
enness.

Christian Endeavor Work.

The executive committee of the Chris-
tian Endeavor society met Saturday even-
ing and talked over a system of work
they have in view for the fall and winter.
It is expected that there will be series
of entertainments opening with a public
session of the Young Men's Literary and
Debating club.

The Hoosac club's farewell reception to
Walter P. Beckwith this evening will be
a pleasant affair.

William S. Norton came home Monday
morning, but returned to Pittsfield in the
evening to remain with the camping party
in which he is numbered.

"Kid" McCoy has left town.

Santelle's circus will show here Wed-
nesday afternoon and evening. There
will be a street parade at noon.

The sewer pipe for which the Berkshire
Cotton company was waiting, did not
arrive last week and Superintendent
Waters loaned the company some of the
fire district's pipe. The Berkshire com-
pany's pipe has now come and the amount
borrowed has been returned.

Charles LeRiche and Cyril Maynard
have gone to Canada to spend two weeks.
There will be a band concert Thursday
evening.

The regular monthly meeting of the
Adams Co-operative bank will be held
this evening.

The Hoosac club will give a smoke
talk and farewell reception to its vice
president, Walter P. Beckwith, who re-
signed the superintendency of the local
schools to become principal of the Salem
Normal school. Palmer's orchestra has
been engaged to furnish music.

At Monday evening's meeting the Sons
of Veterans decided definitely to attend
the Grand Army outing at Pittsfield lake
next Wednesday.

E. H. Allen of Philadelphia is visiting
his wife, who is summering at the Grey
lock.

The brick work of the first story of the
new police station has been finished and
the carpenters began work today.

A meeting will be called next week to
organize a Bryan-Sewall-Williams club.

A local party went into camp near Pon-
tobay lake Monday.

Many members of the local W. R. Corp
went to Pittsfield lake today.

There will be a social at Trinity Meth-
odist church this evening under the aus-
pices of the Epworth league branch.

Sheriff O'Brien auctioned the stock of
Brooks Brothers' Saturday to satisfy
creditors.

Louis Gilbert of Springfield was in town
Sunday.

At the Caledonian club's field day, Sep-
tember 2, there will be a tug-of-war
between teams from the Berkshire and
the Bennington mills.

Nathaniel B. Tate is in Boston on
business.

CHESHIRE.

The illustrated account of the death of
Edwin R. Brown of Elmwood, Ill., in the
Springfield Republican Monday morning
was a surprise to the Cheshire folks, who
had become acquainted with Mr. Brown
by his frequent visits to this place. Among
his relatives are the Dan family here.

Harvey Earle, the only child of Fred
Earle aged six months, died Saturday, and
was buried at Adams Monday at 1 o'clock.
Funeral services were conducted by Rev.
Mr. Sherwood of Norwalk, Conn., at their
late residence here on Main street.

E. E. Prince lost a cow by lightning.

Mrs. Addie Wilson of New York City is
staying in town for a few weeks.

Mrs. Barnes of Lockport, N. Y., is the
guest of E. G. Brown.

WILLIAMSTOWN.

To Hold a Clam Bake.

At a meeting of the Cosmopolitan club
Monday evening it was decided to hold
the annual clam bake at Carpenter's on
Labor day, September 7. The affair will
be private with the exception of those
persons whom members of the club may
invite. The committee of arrangements
appointed Monday evening was made up
as follows: G. W. Azherian, A. Rutherford
and S. S. Town.

Another Man Sees a Bear.

Joseph Kingbury says he was berrying
near the place where Moses Roberts saw
the bear last week and he saw one of
them. He saw bear first and made haste
to get out of the way before the bear
caught sight of him. These bear stories
are causing considerable discussion and it
is probable that a party will be organized
to hunt the bears.

THE WATER BONDS SOLD.

The Adams Power Company Pur-
chased These.

Bids for the fire district's \$50,000 of water
bonds closed at 1 o'clock Monday after-
noon, but were not opened or the bonds
awarded until 5 o'clock. The Adams
Power company bought the bonds, but it
is understood that in so doing they act as
agents for the Hampden Loan & Trust
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